ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

as per ISO 14025 and DIN EN 15804

Owner of the Declaration

Programme holder

Publisher

Declaration number

Issue date

Valid to

Asturiana de Laminados S.A.

Institut Bauen und Umwelt (IBU)

Institut Bauen und Umwelt (IBU)

EPD-ELZ-2013111-E

01.04.2013

31.03.2018

elZinc Natural Asturiana de Laminados S.A.



www.bau-umwelt.com





General information

Asturiana de Laminados S.A.

Programme holder

IBU - Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V. Rheinufer 108 D-53639 Königswinter

Declaration number

EPD-ELZ-2013111-E

This Declaration is based on the Product Category Rules:

Building metals, 16-07-2012

(PCR tested and approved by the independent expert committee [SVA])

Issue date

01.04.2013

Valid to

31.03.2018

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Horst J. Bossenmayer (President of Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.)

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Hans-Wolf Reinhardt (Chairman of SVA)

EIZinc Slate

Owner of the Declaration

Asturiana de Laminados S.A.

Polígono Industrial de Olloniego, Parcela 1, 33660 Olloniego, Asturias

Spain

Declared product / Declared unit

1 kg elZinc Natural

Scope:

Within this study a life cycle analysis according to ISO 14040/44 and EN 15804 is performed for elZinc Natural manufactured by Asturiana de Laminados S.A. at the production plant located in Olloniego, Spain. The life cycle analysis is based on the data declared by Asturiana de Laminados S.A. The life cycle analysis is representative for the products introduced in the declaration for the given system boundaries. The life cycle analysis covers the manufacturing of the products from cradle to grave.

The owner of the declaration shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence.

Verification

The CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the core PCR.

Verification of the EPD by an independent third party as per ISO 14025

internally

x externally

Product

Product description

elZinc® titanium zinc comes under the EN 988 standard, which defines the general requirements for titanium zinc strips and sheets for use in the building industry.

The alloying components are high-grade refined zinc of the highest standardised level of purity Zn 99.995 according to EN 1179, with precisely defined additions of copper and titanium. Further components, such as aluminium and other trace elements, are accurately limited and the purity of the alloy is extremely precisely monitored by regular controls.

The precision in the composition of the alloy used and the implementation controlled lamination, which define the thermo-mechanical processes and the material's micro-structural changes, are the keys to the process's and the product's excellence.

elZinc Natural is characterized by:

- High malleability, regardless of the direction of rolling
- High stability once conformed
- Optimal electrowelding performance due to its low surface oil content
- Limited fragility at low temperatures.

elZinc Natural's life starts with a metallic gray color. It is the original zinc obtained as a result of different transformation processes. After exposure to weathering, the natural patina coating protects it and provides it with exceptional resistance against corrosion while giving it its final color (gray).

Application

elZinc Natural is a material used by architects and professional roofers. Its main applications are:

- Facades and roofs (E.g sandwich panels, cassettes, standing seam, batten roof system, etc)
- Roof drainage systems (E.g gutters, water pipes and accessories).
- Interior Design.

Technical Data

elZinc has stablished a quality magement system based on the standard ISO 9001.

elZinc Natural exceed the requeriments stablished by the EN 988, giving as result excellent mechanical properties:



Name	Testing standard	Value	Unit	
Yield strength elasticity (Rp 0,2)	EN ISO 6892-1	>110	N/mm ²	
Tensile strength (Rm)	EN ISO 6892-1	> 150	N/mm ²	
Breaking elongation (A50)	EN ISO 6892-1	>40	%	
Vickers hardness (HV3)	EN ISO 6507-4	>45	-	
Erichsen test	EN ISO 20482	min 7,5	mm	
Remaining stretch in creeping behaviour test (Rp 0,1)	EN ISO 204	max 0,1	%	
Density	-	7,2	g/cm ³	
Thicknesses tolerance	-	± 0.02	mm	
Coefficient of linear thermal expansion	ASTM E289-04	22E-06	m/mk	
Melting point	ASTM B774	~420	°C	
Heat conductivity at 20 °C	ASTM E1952-11	110	w/mK	
Electric conductivity at 20 °C	ASTM E1004-09	17	mS/m	

Base materials / Ancillary materials

elZinc Natural is a Zn-Cu-Ti alloy with the following composition:

Base materials in mass (%)

Component	ElZinc Natural					
Copper	0,08- 0,2 %					
Titanium	0,07-0,12 %					
Alumnium	< 0,015 %					
Zinc (Z1)	Remainder					

None of the components of the end product is included in the "Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation".

Reference service life

The documentation of the RSL is not required for the EPD of Asturiana de Laminados since the entire life cycle is not declared (Modules A1-A3 and D).

LCA: Calculation rules

Declared unit

The declared unit is 1kg of elZinc Natural

System boundary

Type of the EPD: cradle to gate - with options

In this study, the product stage information modules A1, A2, and A3 are considered. These modules include production of raw material extraction and processing (A1), , transport of the raw materials to the manufacturer (A2), manufacturing of the product and the packaging materials (A3).

The EoL of the product (Modul D) is also included

Comparability

Basically, a comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all the data sets to be compared were created according to EN 15804 and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account.

LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

The credits given in Module D are a result of the 100% recyclability of each zinc-product. After the scrap collection (a collection rate of 96% was assumed), zinc scrap is sent to a re-melting

process, where the scrap is converted to secondary zinc. The credit for the zinc gained through remelting is calculated with the dataset of the primary production.



LCA Results

DESCRIPTION OF THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY (X = INCLUDED IN LCA; MND = MODULE NOT DECLARED)																	
CONSTRUC											BENEFITS AND LOADS BE-						
PRODUCT STAGE PR		PRO	ON CESS AGE	S USE STAGE						END OF LIFE STAGE YOUND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARYS							
Raw material supp-	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction- installation process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Recovery- Recycling- potential	
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	В6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D	
Х	Χ	Х	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	Х	
RESU	LTS	OF TH	IE LC	4 - EN'	VIRON	IMENT			: 1kg	elZinc	Natur	al					
_							Manufa							Credit	S		
Parame			nheit				A1-							D	20		
GWI			O ₂ -Äq.]				3,5E							-2,6E+			
ODF			C11-Äc				3,3E							-2,9E-0			
AP			3O₂-Äq.]				2,3E							-1,8E-0			
	EP [kg PO ₄ ³ - Äq.]						2,5E							-2,0E-(
	POCP [kg Ethen Äq.] ADPE [kg Sb Äq.]			.]	1,5E-03									-1,1E-(
ADP					1,3E-03							-1,2E-03					
ADF				ing potenti	4,7E+01 ng potential; ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AF						AP = Acid	-3,4E+01 Acidification potential of land and water; EP = Eutrophication poten-					
Captio	on	tial; POCF	P = Format	tion potenti	ial of tropos	spheric ozo	one photo	chemical o	xidants; A	DPE = Abi	otic deplet	ion potentia	I for non fo	ossil resou	rces; ADP	F = Abiotic depletion	
RESUL	LTS	OF TH	IE LC	4 - RE	SOUR	CE US	E: 1kg	g elZin	c Nati	ural	1000						
			Manufacturing							Credits							
Parame	eter	Ei	nheit				A1-	A1-A3					D				
PER	Œ	[MJ]		9,1E+00					-6,6E+00							
PERI	M	[MJ]			0,0E+00						0,0E+00						
PER	RT.	[MJ]		9,1E+00					-6,6E+00							
PENF	RE	[MJ]		4,8E+01					-3,4E+01							
PENR	RM	[MJ]			0,0E+00						0,0E+00						
PENF	RT	[MJ]			4,8E+01						-3,4E+01						
SM	1	[kg]			1,6E-02						0,0E+00						
RSF	F	[MJ]			1,3E-04							4,0E-03					
NRS	SF.		MJ]		1,3E-03					4,2E-02							
FW			[m³]		_* _* le primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PERM = Use of renewable primary energy												
Captio	on	gy resour non re	ces used a newable p	as raw ma primary er	aterials; Pl nergy reso	ERT = To ources use primary er	tal use of ed as raw nergy reso	renewabl materials ources; SI	e primary ; PENRM M = Use o	energy re = Use of of seconda	sources; non renev ary materia	PENRE = vable prima	Use of no ary energ Jse of rer	n renewal	ble prima es used a	ry energy excluding as raw materials; fuels; NRSF = Use	
RESU	LTS	OF TH	IE LC	4 – OU	ITPUT	FLOW	/S AN			ATEG				Natur	al		
							Manufa							Credit	S		
Parame			nheit			A1-A3					D						
HWI	_		[kg]	_		_*						_*					
K III II A			[kg]			_* 4.0E.02					_*						
NHW	_		[kg]			4,6E-03								-3,6E-0	JS		
RWI	D		FI 2														
RWI CRL	D J		[kg]					9,6E-01									
RWI CRU MFF	D J R		[kg]											9,6E-0)1		
RWI CRU MFF MEF	D J R R		[kg] [kg]											9,6E-0)1		
RWI CRU MFF MEF	D J R R [yp]		[kg] [kg] MJ]											9,6E-0)1		
RWI CRU MFF MEF	D U R R R iyp]	[[kg] [kg] MJ] MJ]	s waste die	sposed: N	HWD = N	on hazard	dous wast	e dispose	ed; RWD =	- Radioac	iive waste	disposed			nts for re-use; MFR	

^{*}The non-EN 15804-conform LCIs are significant to the total result. The indicators are not declared (decision of IBU advisory board 2013-01-07)

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